

## Affordable Thermoplastic Matrix CFC / Metallic Framework Structures Manufacture

Andrew Mills, Lawrence Cook, Aurele Bras Cranfield Composites Centre <u>a.r.mills@cranfield.ac.uk</u>

### Background

Stiffness critical frameworks using CFC struts and metallic joints can be extremely light weight - but bonded joints are problematical for life critical structures

### Aims

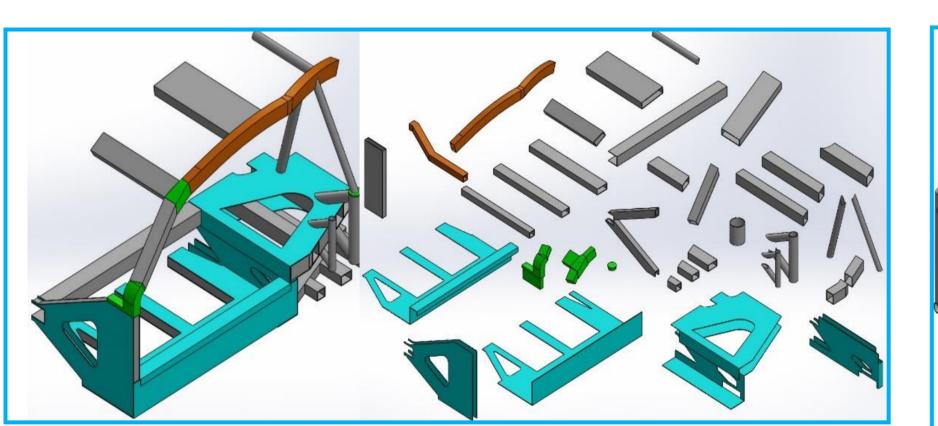
Investigate the feasibility of manufacturing exceptionally lightweight framework structures appropriate for >5000 P.A. production using hybrid CFRP / Metals Identify and investigate potential solutions for:

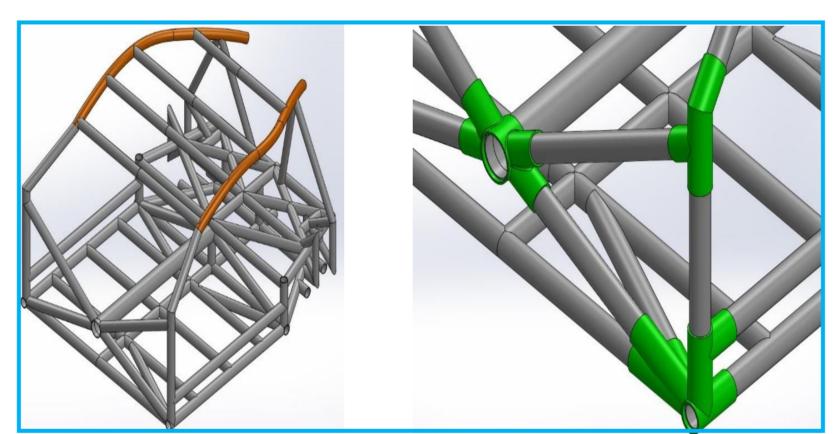
-Weight, manufacturing rate and automation potential

# **Key Findings**

Thermoplastic CFC - Metal Automotive Framework Concepts

**Pressed Sheet** 

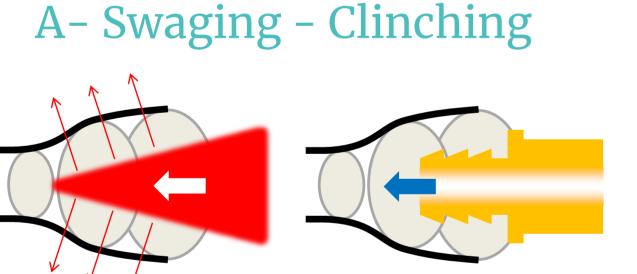


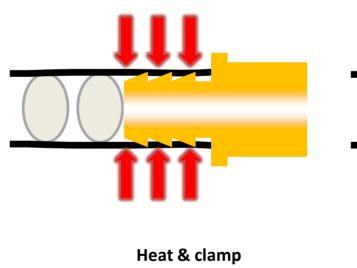


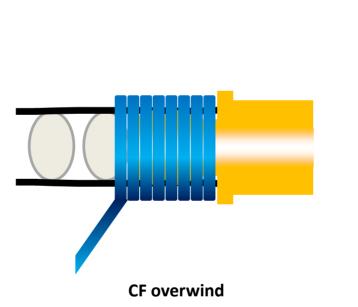
Tubular

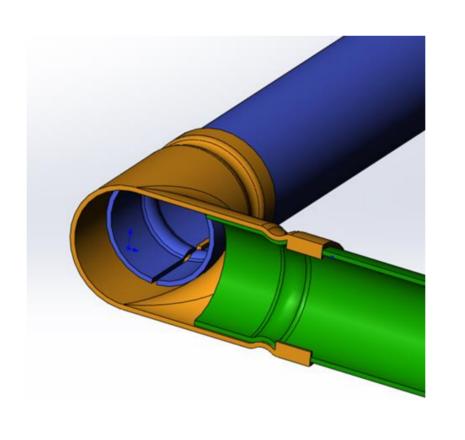
Both can utilise CF TP matrix laminate and profiles – constant thickness allowing continuous manufacturing and localised joint forming

#### Framework Joining Concepts

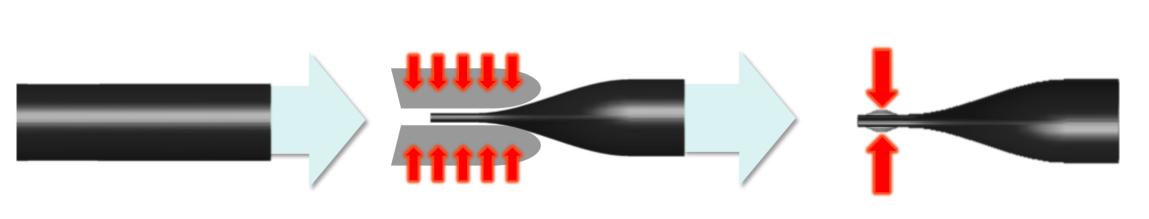




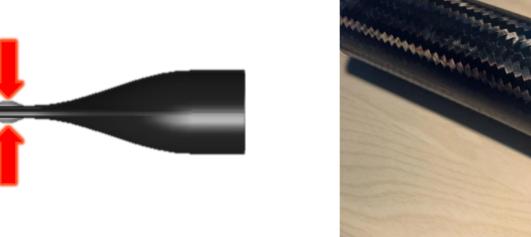


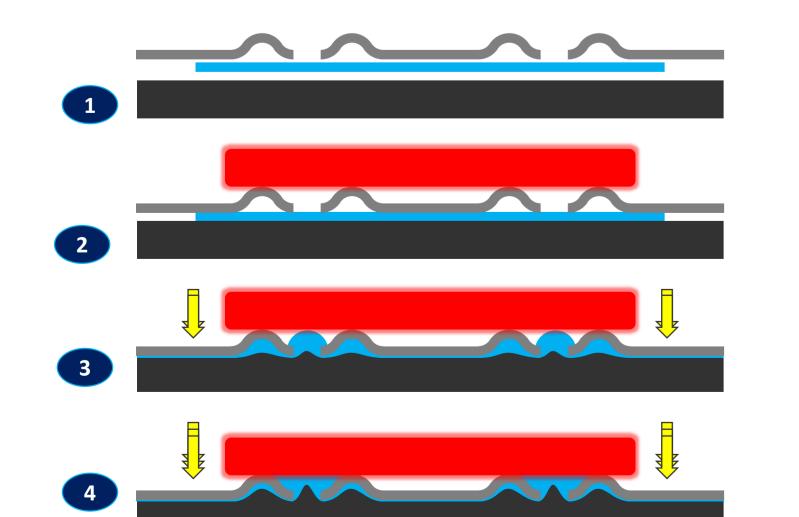


B- Crimping

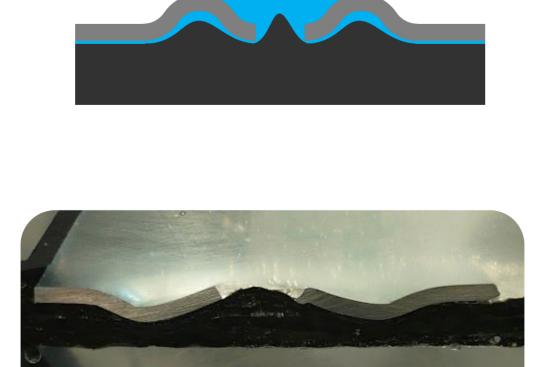


Swaged fitting insertion

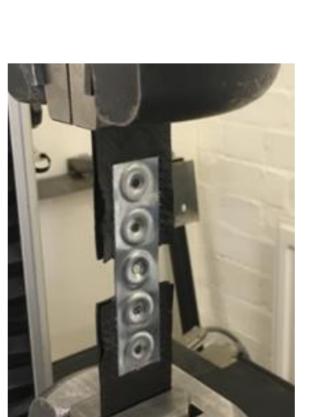




C - Dimple Interlocking







**Sports Car Engine frames** 



McLaren MP412C – Aluminium **Moderate stiffness & low cost** 



Porsche 918 – CFC Very high stiffness & extremely high cost

First UK Study using Braided thermoplastic **CF** Pultrusion



#### Conclusions

Braided CF tape thermoplastic pultrusion is an attractive process for continuous section manufacture

Three manufacturing concepts for TP CFC structures were proposed and investigated

- Wrapping of tubing or open sections around metallic joints or other CFC sections
- Composite tube swaging or crimping
- Metal joint interlocking with composite sections

The forming process required for swaging is complex due to the need for fibre shearing

- Tube crimping is fast and simple and requires simple (low cost) metallic connections
- Dimple interlocking concept offers fast, simple forming and strong joints

This work was supported by the EPSRC through the Future Composites Manufacturing Research Hub [EP/P006701/1]

















